

## OVERVIEW

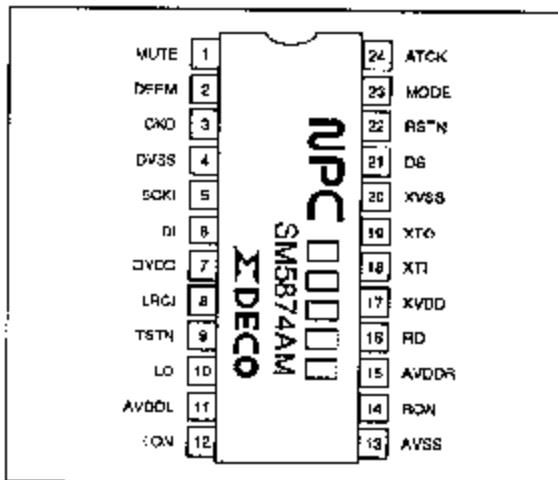
The SM5874AM is a third-order, 2-channel  $\Sigma\Delta$  (sigma-delta) D/A converter for digital audio applications. It incorporates an 8-times oversampling digital filter, deemphasis filter, attenuator and soft mute circuits. Double-speed dubbing is supported.

The SM5874AM operates from a 2.7 to 5.5 V voltage supply and is available in 24-pin SSOPs.

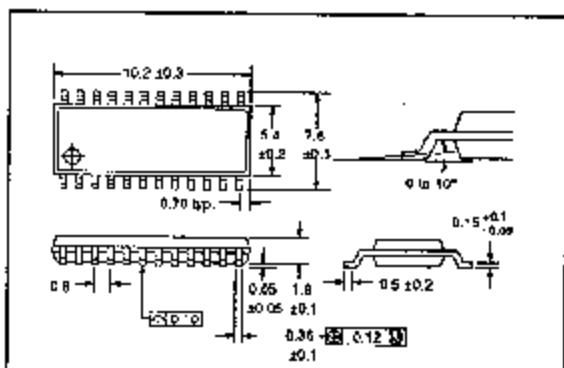
## FEATURES

- Double-speed dubbing mode (4.5 to 5.5 V supply only)
- 44.1 kHz sampling frequency
- 16.9344 MHz system clock (384fs or 192fs)
- 16-bit, MSB-first, serial data input ( $\leq 64$ fs bit clock)
- 8-times oversampling digital filter
  - 32 dB stopband attenuation
  - $\pm 0.05$  dB passband ripple
  - $-0.34$  dB passband compensation for 70 kHz lowpass filter
- With deemphasis enabled
  - 36 dB stopband attenuation
  - $-0.09$  to  $0.23$  dB deviation from ideal deemphasis characteristic
  - $-0.34$  dB passband compensation for 70 kHz lowpass filter
- 64-step attenuator
- Third-order noise shaper
- 32fs oversampling  $\Sigma\Delta$  (sigma-delta) D/A converter
- Molybdenum-gate CMOS process
- 2.7 to 5.5 V operating supply voltage
- 24-pin SSOP

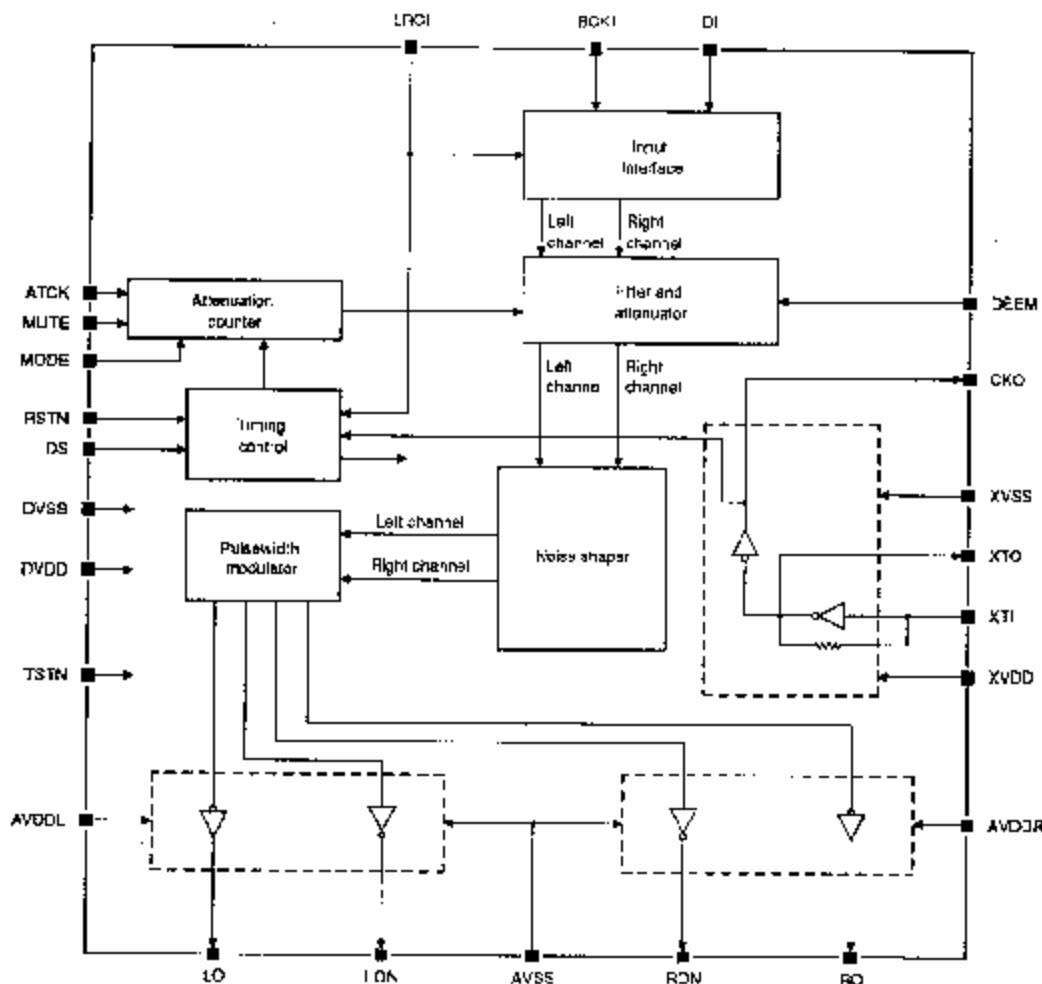
## PINOUT



## PACKAGE DIMENSIONS



## BLOCK DIAGRAM



## PIN DESCRIPTION

Number	Name	IO	Description
1	MUTE	Ip	Soft mute enable when MODE is HIGH. Mute is active when HIGH. Attenuator level direction control when MODE is LOW. The attenuator direction is down when HIGH.
2	DEEM	Ip	Deemphasis enable. Deemphasis is ON when HIGH.
3	CKO	O	16.934 MHz clock output
4	DVSS	-	Digital ground
5	BCKI	Is	Bit clock input
6	DI	Is	Serial data input
7	DVDD	-	Digital supply voltage
8	LRCl	Ip	Sample rate clock. Left-channel input when HIGH, and right-channel input when LOW.
9	TSTN	Ip	Test pin. Leave this pin open or tie it HIGH for normal operation.
10	LO	O	Left-channel normal-polarity analog output
11	AVDDL	-	Analog supply voltage

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Number	Name	IO	Description
13	AVSS		Analog ground
14	RON	O	Right-channel inverse-polarity analog output
15	AVDDR	-	Analog supply voltage
16	RO	O	Right-channel normal-polarity analog output
17	XVDD	-	Oscillator circuit supply voltage
18	XTI	I	16.9044 MHz crystal oscillator connection or external clock input
19	XTO	O	Crystal oscillator connection
20	XVSS	-	Oscillator circuit ground
21	DS	Ip	Double-speed mode select. Double-speed mode is selected when HIGH.
22	RSTN	Ip	Active-LOW reset input
23	MODE	Ip	Soft mute or attenuator mode select. Soft mute mode is selected when HIGH, and attenuator mode when LOW.
24	ATCK	Ip	Attenuator level setting clock. Disabled when MODE is HIGH.

**Note**

I = input, Ip = input with pull-up resistor, O = output.

**SPECIFICATIONS****Absolute Maximum Ratings**

$$DV_{SS} = AV_{SS} = XV_{SS} = 0 \text{ V}, AV_{DD} = AV_{DDL} = AV_{DDR}$$

Parameter	Symbol	Rating	Unit
Supply voltage range	DV <sub>DD</sub> , AV <sub>DD</sub> , XV <sub>DD</sub>	-0.3 to 7.0	V
Input voltage range. See note.	V <sub>IN</sub>	DV <sub>SS</sub> - 0.3 to DV <sub>DD</sub> + 0.3	V
XTI input voltage range	V <sub>IN</sub>	XV <sub>SS</sub> - 0.3 to XV <sub>DD</sub> + 0.3	V
Power dissipation	P <sub>D</sub>	250	mW
Storage temperature range	T <sub>STG</sub>	-40 to 125	deg. C
Soldering temperature	T <sub>SOL</sub>	265	deg. C
Soldering time	t <sub>SOL</sub>	10	s

**Note**

Pins MUTE, DEEM, BCKI, DI, LRCI, TSTN, DS, RSTN, MODE and ATCK.

**Recommended Operating Conditions****Normal-voltage mode**

$$DV_{SS} = AV_{SS} = XV_{SS} = 0 \text{ V}, AV_{DD} = AV_{DDL} = AV_{DDR}$$

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Unit
Supply voltage range	DV <sub>DD</sub> , AV <sub>DD</sub> , XV <sub>DD</sub>	4.5 to 5.5	V
Supply voltage differences	DV <sub>DD</sub> - XV <sub>DD</sub> , DV <sub>DD</sub> - AV <sub>DD</sub> , XV <sub>DD</sub> - AV <sub>DD</sub> , DV <sub>SS</sub> - XV <sub>SS</sub> , DV <sub>SS</sub> - AV <sub>SS</sub> , XV <sub>SS</sub> - AV <sub>SS</sub>	±0.1	V
Operating temperature range	T	-40 to 85	deg. C

**Low-voltage mode** $DV_{SS} = AV_{SS} = XV_{SS} = 0 \text{ V}$ ,  $AV_{DD} = XV_{DD} = AV_{DDR} = XV_{DDR}$ 

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Unit
Supply voltage range	$DV_{DD}$ , $AV_{DD}$ , $XV_{DD}$	2.7 to 4.5	V
Supply voltage differences	$DV_{DD} - XV_{DD}$ , $DV_{DD} - AV_{DD}$ , $XV_{DD} - AV_{DD}$ , $DV_{SS} - XV_{SS}$ , $DV_{SS} - AV_{SS}$ , $XV_{DD} - AV_{SS}$	$\pm 0.1$	V
Operating temperature range	$T_{OP}$	-20 to 70	deg. C

**DC Characteristics****Normal-voltage mode** $DV_{SS} = AV_{SS} = XV_{SS} = 0 \text{ V}$ ,  $DV_{DD} = AV_{DD} = XV_{DD} = 4.5 \text{ to } 5.5 \text{ V}$ ,  $AV_{DD} = XV_{DDL} = AV_{DDR}$ ,  $T_a = -40 \text{ to } 85 \text{ deg. C}$ 

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Rating			Unit
			min	typ	max	
$DV_{DD}$ supply current	$I_{DD}$	See note 3.	-	15	25	mA
$XV_{DD}$ supply current	$I_{DX}$	See note 3.	-	2	5	mA
$AV_{DD}$ total supply current	$I_{DDA}$	See note 3.	-	1	2	mA
XTI HIGH-level input voltage	$V_{IH}$	Clock input	$0.7XV_{DD}$	-	-	V
XTI LOW-level input voltage	$V_{IL}$	Clock input	-	-	$0.3XV_{DD}$	V
XTI AC input voltage	$V_{INAC}$	AC coupling	$0.3XV_{DD}$	-	-	V <sub>PP</sub>
HIGH-level input voltage	$V_{IH2}$	See note 1.	2.4	-	-	V
LOW-level input voltage	$V_{IL2}$	See note 1.	-	-	0.5	V
HIGH-level analog output voltage	$V_{OHA}$	$I_{OH} = -1 \text{ mA}$ See note 2.	$AV_{DD} - 0.3$	-	-	V
LOW-level analog output voltage	$V_{OL}$	$I_{OL} = 1 \text{ mA}$ See note 2.	-	-	0.3	V
CKC HIGH-level output voltage	$V_{OHC}$	$I_{OH} = 1 \text{ mA}$	$DV_{DD} - 0.4$	-	-	V
CKC LOW-level output voltage	$V_{OLC}$	$I_{OL} = 1 \text{ mA}$	-	-	0.4	V
XTI HIGH-level input current	$I_{IH}$	$V_{IN} = XV_{DD}$	-	12	25	$\mu\text{A}$
XTI LOW-level input current	$I_{IL}$	$V_{IN} = 0 \text{ V}$	-	12	25	$\mu\text{A}$
LOW-level input current	$I_2$	$V_{IN} = 0 \text{ V}$ See note 1.	-	12	25	$\mu\text{A}$
Input leakage current	$I_H$	$V_{IN} = DV_{DD}$ See note 1.	-	-	1.0	$\mu\text{A}$

**Notes**

1. Pins MUTE, DEEM, BCKI, DI, LRCI, TSTN, DS, RSTN, MODE and ATCK
2. Pins LO, LON, RO and RON
3.  $DV_{DD} = AV_{DD} = XV_{DD} = 5 \text{ V}$ , DS = 5 V (double-speed mode),  $f_{XT} = 16.9344 \text{ MHz}$ , no load on any output pin, NPC-specification input data sequence

**Low-voltage mode**

$DV_{SS} = AV_{SS} = XV_{SS} = 0 \text{ V}$ ,  $DV_{DD} = AV_{DD} = XV_{DD} = 2.7 \text{ to } 4.5 \text{ V}$ ,  $AV_{DD} = AV_{DOL} = AV_{DDR}$ ,  $T_s = -20 \text{ to } 70 \text{ deg. C}$

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Rating			Unit
			min	typ	max	
DV <sub>DD</sub> supply current	I <sub>DD0</sub>	See note 3	-	6	9	mA
XV <sub>DD</sub> supply current	I <sub>DDX</sub>	See note 3	-	1	3	mA
AV <sub>DD</sub> total supply current	I <sub>DD4</sub>	See note 3.	-	0.5	1	mA
XTI HIGH-level input voltage	V <sub>H1</sub>	Clock input	0.7XV <sub>DD</sub>	-	-	V
XTI LOW-level input voltage	V <sub>L1</sub>	Clock input	-	-	0.3XV <sub>DD</sub>	V
XTI AC input voltage	V <sub>INAC</sub>	AC coupling	0.3XV <sub>DD</sub>	-	-	V <sub>peo</sub>
HIGH-level input voltage	V <sub>H2</sub>	See note 1.	2.4	-	-	V
LOW-level input voltage	V <sub>L2</sub>	See note 1.	-	-	0.5	V
HIGH-level analog output voltage	V <sub>CHA</sub>	I <sub>OH</sub> = -0.5 mA See note 2.	AV <sub>DD</sub> - 0.3	-	-	V
LOW-level analog output voltage	V <sub>COL</sub>	I <sub>OL</sub> < 0.5 mA. See note 2.	-	-	0.3	V
CKO HIGH-level output voltage	V <sub>OH0</sub>	I <sub>OH</sub> = -0.5 mA	DV <sub>DD</sub> - 0.4	-	-	V
CKO LOW-level output voltage	V <sub>OL0</sub>	I <sub>OL</sub> = 0.5 mA	-	-	0.4	V
XTI HIGH-level input current	I <sub>H1</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> = XV <sub>DD</sub>	-	4	15	μA
XTI LOW-level input current	I <sub>L1</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> = 0 V	-	4	15	μA
LOW-level input current	I <sub>L2</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> = 0 V. See note 1.	-	4	15	μA
Input leakage current	I <sub>SH</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> = DV <sub>DD</sub> . See note 1.	-	-	1.0	μA

**Notes**

1. Pins MUTE, DEEM, BCKL, DI, LRCL, TSTN, DS, RSTN, MODE and ATCK
2. Pins LO, LON, RO and RON
3. DV<sub>DD</sub> = AV<sub>DD</sub> = XV<sub>DD</sub> = 3 V, DS = 0 V (normal-speed mode), f<sub>XTI</sub> = 16.9344 MHz, no load on any output pin, NPC-specification input data sequence

**AC Characteristics**

Normal-voltage mode: DV<sub>SS</sub> = AV<sub>SS</sub> = XV<sub>SS</sub> = 0 V, DV<sub>DD</sub> = AV<sub>DD</sub> = XV<sub>DD</sub> = 4.5 to 5.5 V, AV<sub>DD</sub> = AV<sub>DOL</sub> = AV<sub>DDR</sub>, T<sub>s</sub> = -40 to 85 deg. C

Low-voltage mode: DV<sub>SS</sub> = AV<sub>SS</sub> = XV<sub>SS</sub> = 0 V, DV<sub>DD</sub> = AV<sub>DD</sub> = XV<sub>DD</sub> = 2.7 to 4.5 V, AV<sub>DD</sub> = AV<sub>DOL</sub> = AV<sub>DDR</sub>, T<sub>s</sub> = -20 to 70 °C

**System clock (XTI)****Crystal oscillator**

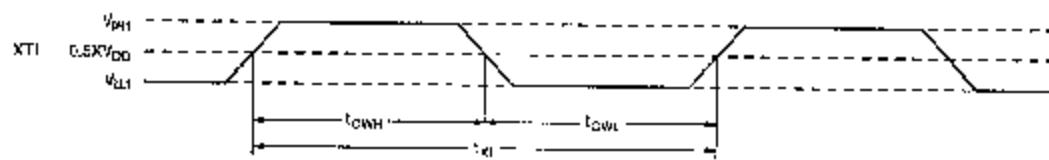
Parameter	Symbol	Rating			Unit
		min	typ	max	
Oscillator frequency	f <sub>osc</sub>	40	16.9344	17.8	MHz

## SM5874AM

### External clock input

Parameter	Symbol	Rating			Unit
		min	typ	max	
HIGH-level clock pulsewidth	$t_{CWH}$	26	29.5	125	ns
LOW-level clock pulsewidth	$t_{CWL}$	26	29.5	125	ns
Clock period	$T_x$	56	59.0	250	ns

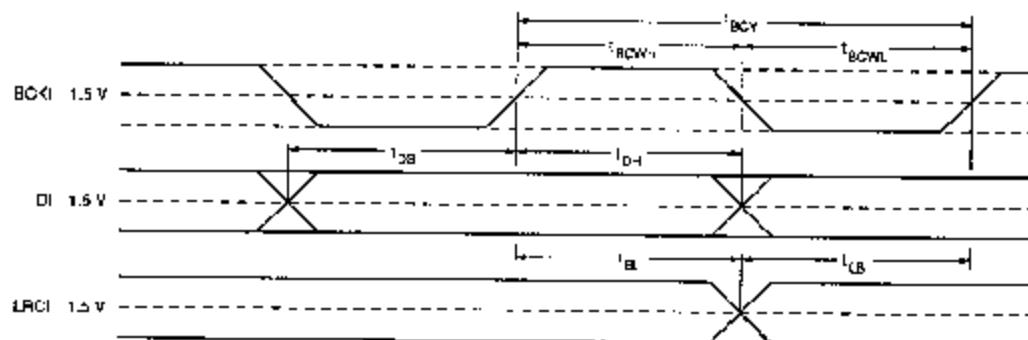
### External clock input waveform



### Serial data input (BCKI, DI, LRCI)

Parameter	Symbol	Rating			Unit
		min	typ	max	
BCKI HIGH-level pulsewidth	$t_{BCWH}$	50	-	-	ns
BCKI LOW-level pulsewidth	$t_{BCWL}$	50	-	-	ns
BCKI pulse cycle time	$T_{BCY}$	85ns	-	-	ns
DI setup time	$t_{DS}$	50	-	-	ns
DI hold time	$t_{DH}$	50	-	-	ns
Last BCKI rising edge to LRCI edge delay	$t_B$	50	-	-	ns
LRCI edge to first BCKI rising edge delay	$t_{LB}$	50	-	-	ns

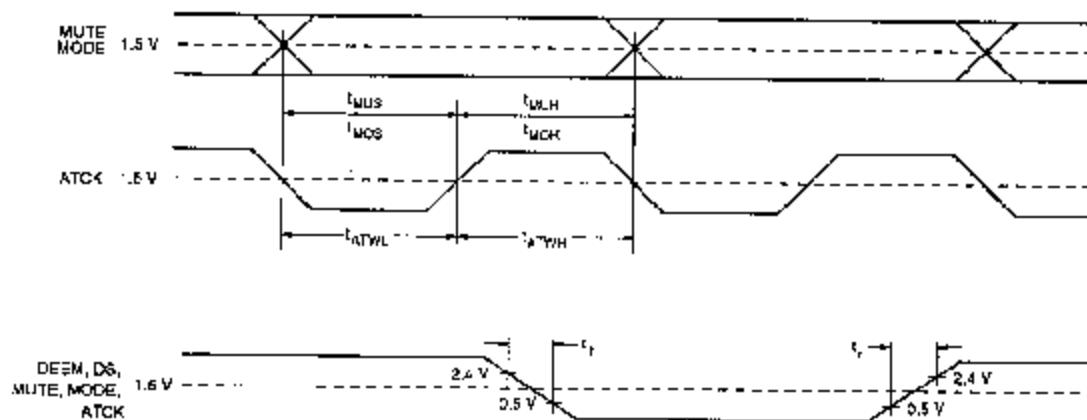
### Serial data input waveform



## Control inputs (MUTE, MODE, ATCK, DEEM, DS)

Parameter	Symbol	Rating			Unit
		min	typ	max	
ATCK LOW-level pulselwidth	tATWL	1/2ns	-	-	μs
ATCK HIGH-level pulselwidth	tATWH	1/2ns	-	-	μs
MUTE setup time	tMUS	100	-	-	ns
MUTE hold time	tMH	100	-	-	ns
MODE setup time	tMOS	100	-	-	ns
MODE hold time	tMOH	100	-	-	ns
Rise time	t <sub>r</sub>	-	-	50	ns
Fall time	t <sub>f</sub>	-	-	50	ns

## Control Input waveforms



## Reset Input (RSTN)

Parameter	Symbol	Rating			Unit
		min	typ	max	
RSTN LOW-level pulselwidth (after power supply stabilizes)	tRSTN	50		-	ns

## AC Analog Characteristics

### Normal-voltage mode

$DV_{SS} = AV_{SS} = XV_{SS} = 0 \text{ V}$ ,  $DV_{DD} = AV_{DD} = XV_{DD} = 5 \text{ V}$ ,  $AV_{DD} = AV_{DOL} = AV_{DOK}$ ,  $DS = 0 \text{ V}$ ,  $DEEM = 0 \text{ V}$ , crystal oscillator,  $f_{osc} = 16.9344 \text{ MHz}$ ,  $T_s = 25 \text{ deg. C}$

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Rating			Unit
			min	typ	max	
Total harmonic distortion	THD + N	$f = 1 \text{ kHz}$ , $V_i = 0 \text{ dB}$	-	0.0025	0.0035	%
Theoretical output level. See note 1.	$V_{OUT1}$	$f = 1 \text{ kHz}$ , $V_i = 0 \text{ dB}$	-	1.50	-	$V_{rms}$
EVA board output level	$V_{OUT2}$	$f = 1 \text{ kHz}$ , $V_i = 0 \text{ dB}$	1.8	2.0	2.2	$V_{rms}$
Dynamic range	DR	$f = 1 \text{ kHz}$ , $V_i = -50 \text{ dB}$	90	96	-	dB
Signal-to-noise ratio. See note 2.	SN	$f = 1 \text{ kHz}$ , $V_i = 0 \text{ dB}/-\infty$	94	100	-	dB
Channel separation	Ch. Sep	$f = 1 \text{ kHz}$ , $V_i = -\infty/-0 \text{ dB}$	84	90	-	dB

#### Notes

1. The measurement circuit block diagram is shown in figure 1. The measurement circuit itself is shown in figure 2.
2. The theoretical output level of the device is  $0.3058AV_{DD} V_{rms}$ .
3. Signal-to-noise is measured following a device reset, with DATA = 0 (D1 = LOW). Under these conditions, the signal-to-noise ratio includes noise-shaper noise.

### Low-voltage mode

$DV_{SS} = AV_{SS} = XV_{SS} = 0 \text{ V}$ ,  $DV_{DD} = AV_{DD} = XV_{DD} = 3 \text{ V}$ ,  $AV_{DD} = AV_{DOL} = AV_{DOK}$ ,  $DS = 0 \text{ V}$ ,  $DEEM = 0 \text{ V}$ , crystal oscillator,  $f_{osc} = 16.9344 \text{ MHz}$ ,  $T_s = 25 \text{ deg. C}$

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Rating			Unit
			min	typ	max	
Total harmonic distortion	THD + N	$f = 1 \text{ kHz}$ , $V_i = 0 \text{ dB}$	-	0.0030	-	%
Theoretical output level. See note 1.	$V_{OUT1}$	$f = 1 \text{ kHz}$ , $V_i = 0 \text{ dB}$	-	0.92	-	$V_{rms}$
EVA board output level	$V_{OUT2}$	$f = 1 \text{ kHz}$ , $V_i = 0 \text{ dB}$	-	1.2	-	$V_{rms}$
Dynamic range	DR	$f = 1 \text{ kHz}$ , $V_i = -60 \text{ dB}$	-	94	-	dB
Signal-to-noise ratio. See note 2.	SN	$f = 1 \text{ kHz}$ , $V_i = 0 \text{ dB}/-\infty$	-	96	-	dB
Channel separation	Ch. Sep	$f = 1 \text{ kHz}$ , $V_i = -\infty/-0 \text{ dB}$	-	88	-	dB

#### Notes

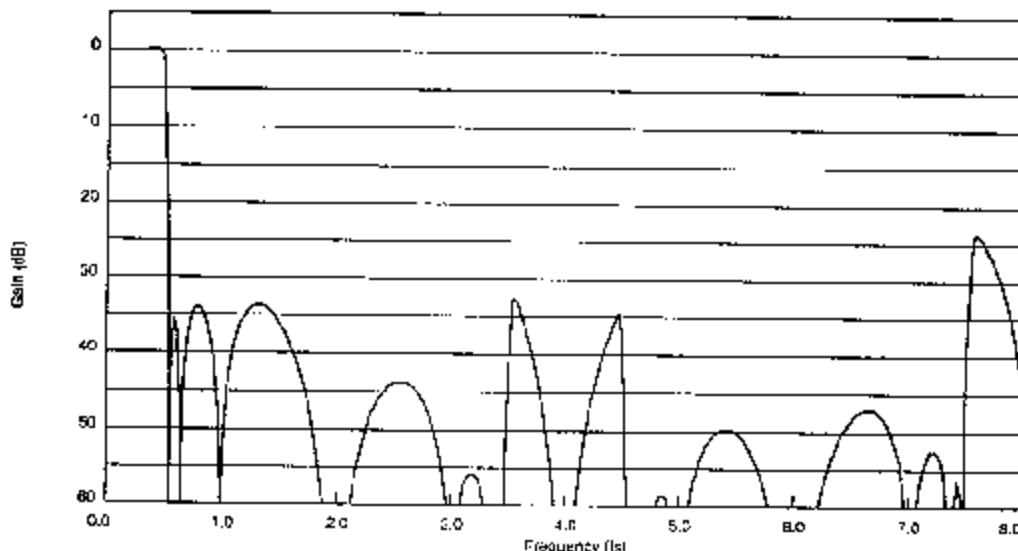
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## Theoretical Filter Characteristics

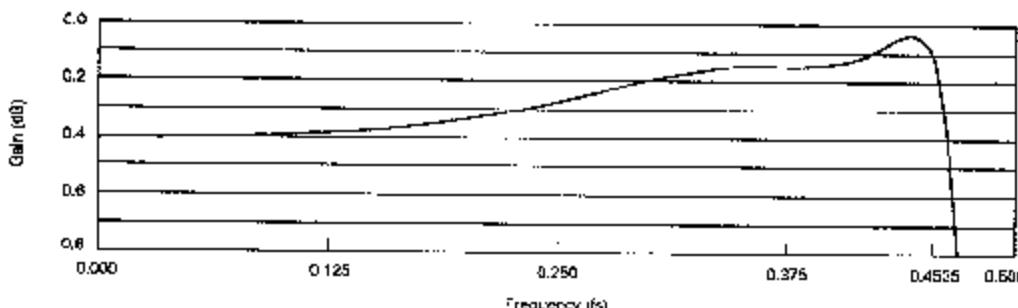
### Deemphasis OFF

Parameter	Frequency band		Rating			Unit
	f	@ f <sub>s</sub> = 44.1 kHz	min	typ	max	
Passband ripple	0 to 0.4535fs	0 to 20.0 kHz	-0.05	-	0.05	dB
Stopband attenuation	0.5465fs to 7.4535fs	24.1 to 328.7 kHz	32	-	-	dB
Filter post-compensation	0.4535fs	20.0 kHz	-	-0.34	-	dB

Overall frequency characteristic (deemphasis OFF)



Passband characteristic (deemphasis OFF)

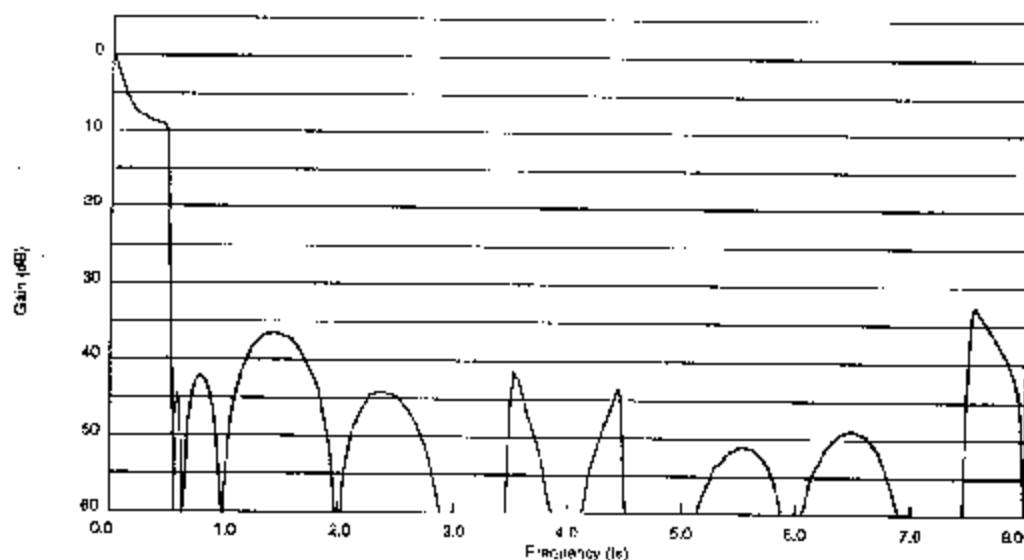


### Deemphasis ON

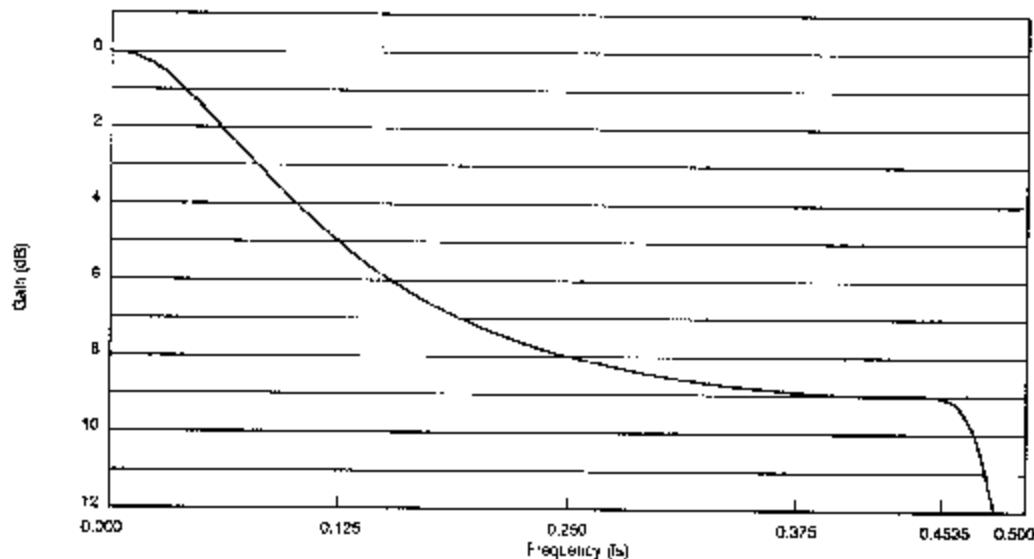
Parameter	Frequency band		Rating			Unit
	f	@ f <sub>s</sub> = 44.1 kHz	min	typ	max	
Passband ripple	0 to 0.4535fs	0 to 20.0 kHz	-0.08	-	0.23	dB
Stopband attenuation	0.5465fs to 7.4535fs	24.1 to 328.7 kHz	36	-	-	dB
Filter post-compensation	0.4535fs	20.0 kHz	-	0.34	-	dB

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### Overall frequency characteristic (deemphasis ON)



### Passband characteristic (deemphasis ON)



## Measurement Circuits

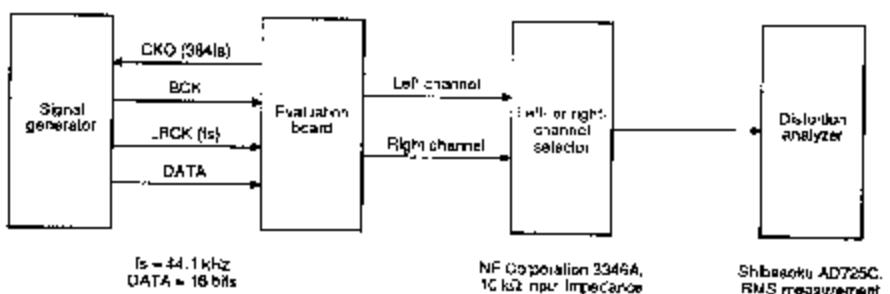


Figure 1. Measurement circuit block diagram

### Notes

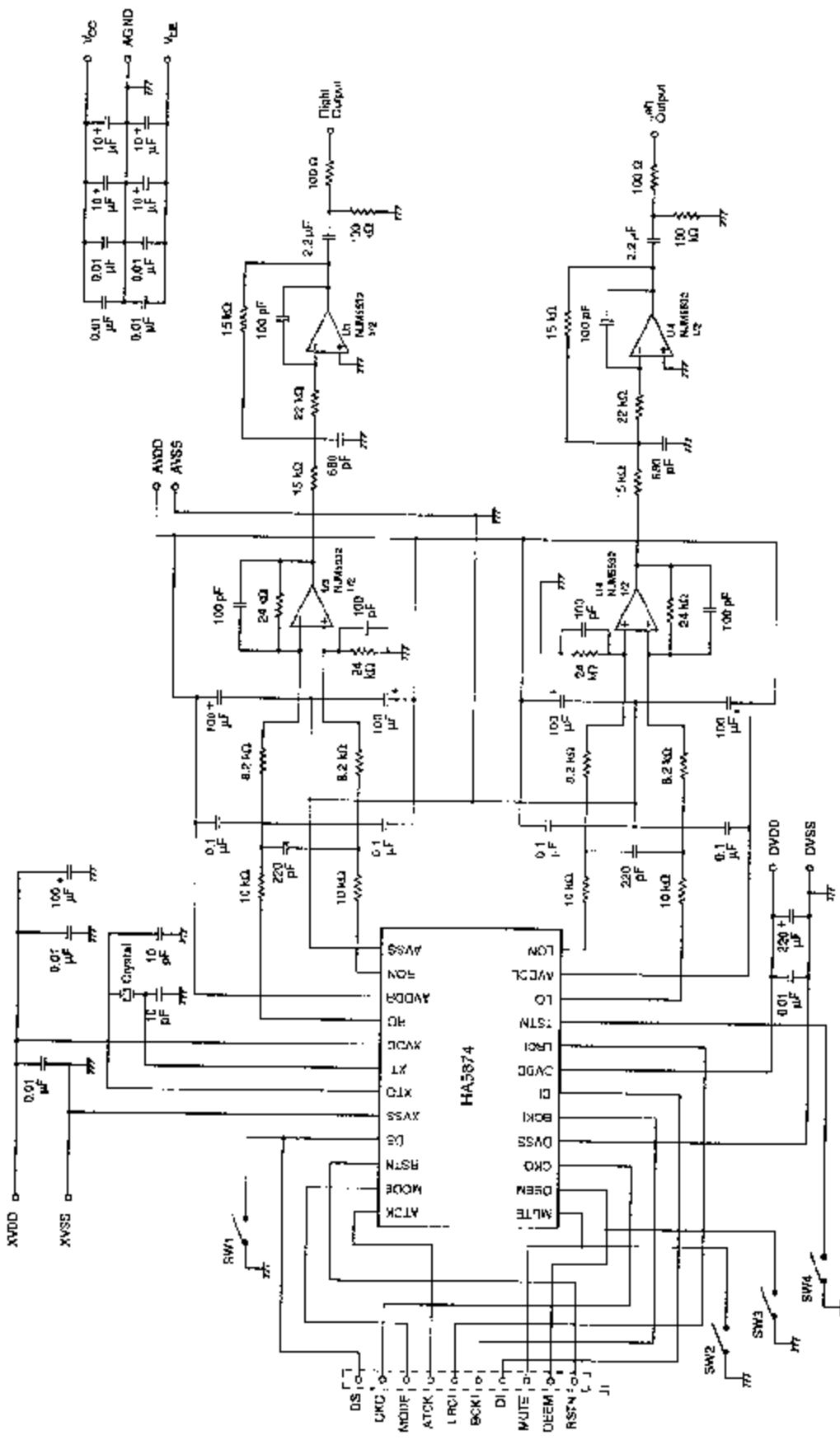
1. Input impedance = 10 kΩ. NF Pty. Ltd. 3346A circuit design block.
2. RMS measurement. Shibasoku Pty. Ltd. AD725C.

### Measurement conditions

Parameter	Symbol	3346A channel selector position	AD725C distortion analyzer setting
Total harmonic distortion	THD + N	THRU	
Output level	V <sub>OUT</sub>	THRU	20 kHz lowpass filter is ON. 400 Hz highpass filter is OFF.
Dynamic range	DR	D-RANGE	
Signal-to-noise ratio	S/N	THRU	20 kHz lowpass filter is ON. 400 Hz highpass filter is OFF. JIS' A-weighted filter is ON.
Channel separation	Ch. Sep	THRU	20 kHz lowpass filter is ON. 400 Hz highpass filter is OFF.

\* Japanese Industrial Standard

# SM5874AM



## FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION

### System Clock

The system clock oscillates at either 192fs or 384fs, selected by the level on DS. This feature allows

double-speed playback selection where the sampling frequency is 88.2 kHz.

Table 1. System clock selection

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Rating	Unit
XTI input frequency	fxi	DS is HIGH. $f_s = 88.2 \text{ kHz}$	15.9344	MHz
		DS is LOW. $f_s = 44.1 \text{ kHz}$	15.9344	
CKO output frequency	fko	DS is HIGH.	192	fs
		DS is LOW.	384	
Internal system clock period	Tave	DS is HIGH.	1x	s
		DS is LOW.	txi	

#### Note

txi is the input clock period.

As the stability and signal-to-noise ratio of the system clock greatly affects the AC analog characteristics, care should be taken to ensure that the clock is free from jitter.

The system clock can be generated by connecting a crystal between XTI and XTO.

Alternatively, an external clock can be input on XTI. In this case, XTO is left unconnected. Because XTI is connected internally to the feedback resistor around the internal CMOS inverter, the external clock input can be AC-coupled. A buffered clock signal is output on CKO.

## System Reset

The SM5874AM needs to be reset after power-up or when either of the LRCI or XTI clocks stop. A LOW-level pulse on RSTN will resynchronize the internal arithmetic and output clocks on the first rising edge of LRCI after RSTN returns HIGH.

When RSTN goes LOW, the PWM outputs are muted with a 50% duty-cycle signal. Mute is released on the eighth rising edge of LRCI after RSTN returns HIGH.

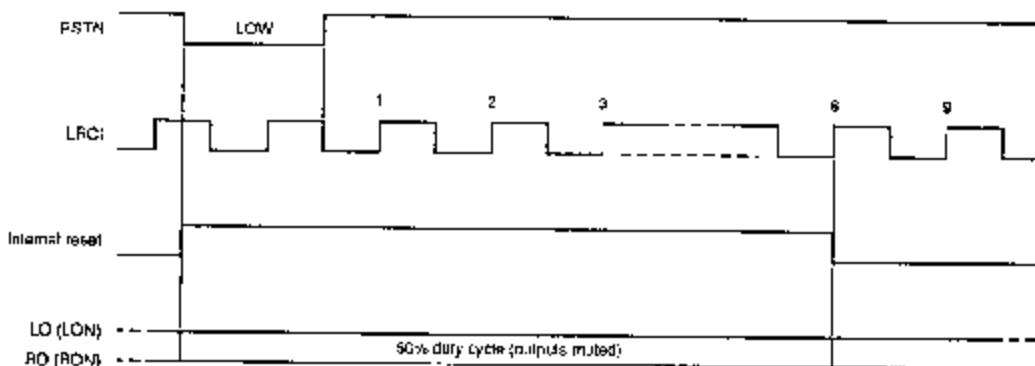


Figure 3. System reset timing

## Audio Data Input

The input data is input on DI in MSB-first, 16-bit, 2's-complement serial data format. Each bit is clocked into the internal shift register on the rising edge of BCKI, where BCKI is between 32fs and 64fs inclusive.

The timing of the arithmetic and output circuits is independent of the timing of the input data to prevent jitter on the input clock from feeding through to the output clock. Provided that the frequency ratio between LRCI and the system clock (XTI) is maintained at the same value, any phase difference between LRCI and XTI does not affect device operation.

## Deemphasis Filter

The deemphasis filter is designed to operate at 44.1 kHz. Deemphasis is enabled by taking DEEM HIGH.

## Attenuation

Attenuation mode is selected when MODE is LOW. The level of attenuation is determined by the value of the 6-bit up/down counter, DATT. The signal data is multiplied by the value of DATT. DATT changes on the rising edge of ATCK. The direction of change is controlled by MUTE—down when MUTE is HIGH, and up when MUTE is LOW.

The gain of the signal is given by

$$\text{Gain} = 20 \times \log_{10}(\text{DATT}/63) \text{ dB}$$

DATT is reset to 63 on a device reset, and when the logic level on MODE changes. This corresponds to 0 dB gain.

## SM5874AM

Table 2. Attenuation/gain list

DATT	Gain
63	0.0dB
62	-0.189 dB
61	-0.280 dB
60	-0.424 dB
59	-0.570 dB
58	-0.718 dB
57	-0.969 dB
56	-1.023 dB
55	-1.180 dB
54	-1.339 dB
53	-1.501 dB
52	-1.667 dB
51	-1.835 dB
50	-2.007 dB
49	-2.183 dB
48	-2.362 dB
47	-2.545 dB
46	-2.732 dB
45	-2.923 dB
44	-3.118 dB
43	-3.317 dB
42	-3.522 dB
41	-3.731 dB
40	-3.946 dB
39	-4.166 dB
38	-4.391 dB
37	-4.623 dB
36	-4.861 dB
35	-5.105 dB
34	-5.357 dB
33	-5.617 dB
32	-5.884 dB

Table 2. Attenuation/gain list—continued

DATT	Gain
31	-6.160 dB
30	-6.444 dB
29	-6.739 dB
28	-7.044 dB
27	-7.350 dB
26	-7.687 dB
25	-8.028 dB
24	-8.383 dB
23	-8.752 dB
22	-9.138 dB
21	-9.542 dB
20	-9.986 dB
19	-10.412 dB
18	-10.881 dB
17	-11.378 dB
16	-11.904 dB
15	-12.465 dB
14	-13.064 dB
13	-13.708 dB
12	-14.403 dB
11	-15.159 dB
10	-15.987 dB
9	-16.902 dB
8	-17.925 dB
7	-18.065 dB
6	-20.424 dB
5	-22.007 dB
4	-23.946 dB
3	-26.444 dB
2	-29.986 dB
1	-35.987 dB
0	-∞

## Soft Mute

Soft mute mode is selected when MODE is HIGH. The up/down counter is switched to internal clock drive, and soft mute operation is controlled by MUTE only.

When MUTE goes HIGH, the up/down counter counts down. The total time to go from 0 to maximum mute is 1024/f<sub>s</sub>. At 44.1 kHz, this is approximately 23.2 ms.

Soft mute is released when MUTE returns LOW, and the gain is increased gradually to 0 dB.

Mute is cancelled on a device reset or when the logic level on MODE changes.

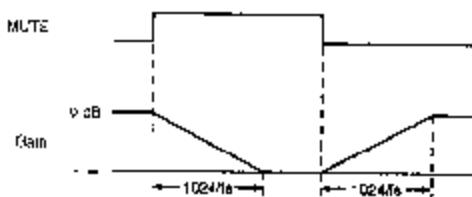
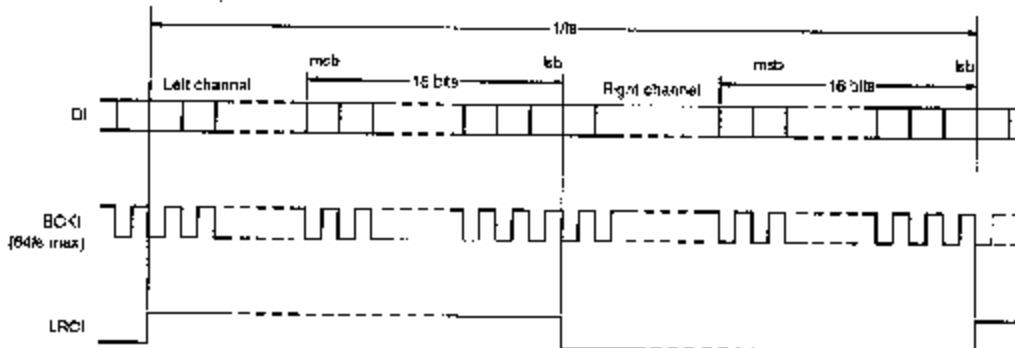


Figure 4. Soft mute operation

## TIMING CHARTS

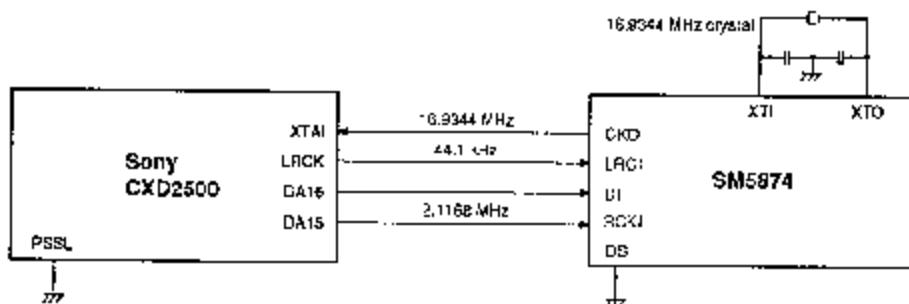
### Input Timing



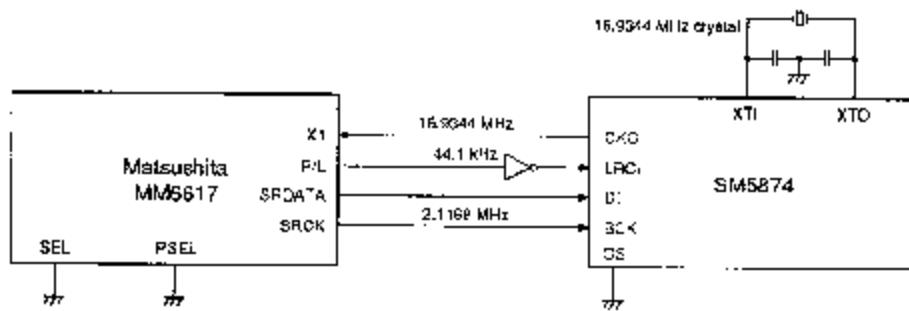
## APPLICATION CIRCUITS

### Input Interfaces

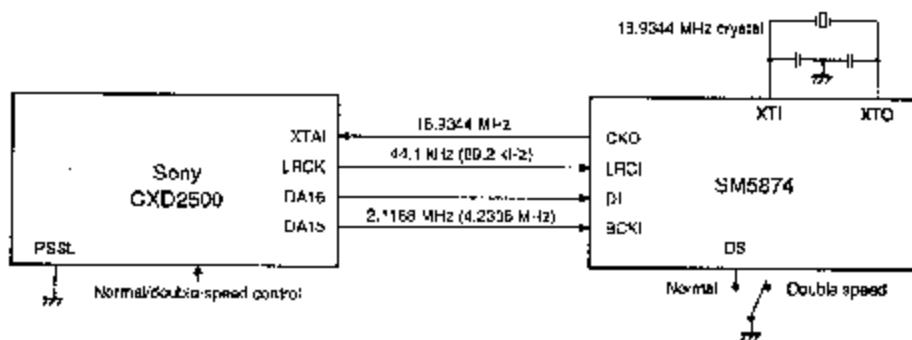
#### Normal replay mode



## SM5874AM



### Double-speed replay mode

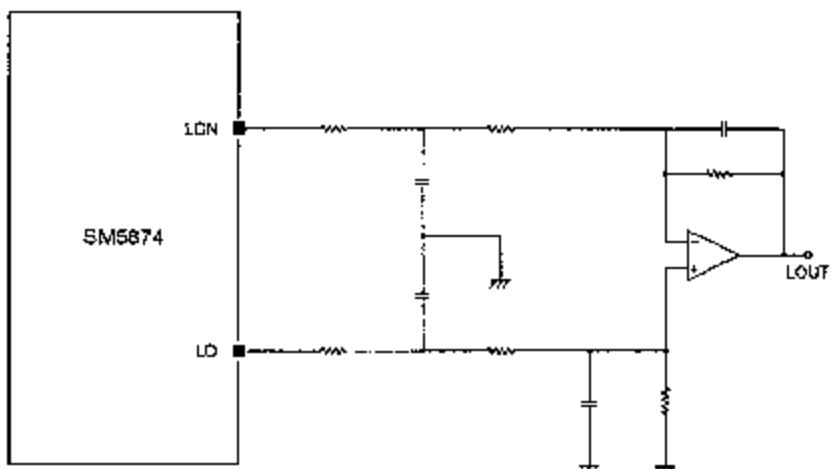


### Note

The values in parenthesis are for double-speed mode.

### Analog Output Circuit

The left channel only has been shown to avoid duplication.



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